

EAT:DS

Personal and
Confidential

April 30, 1941

DECLASSIFIED BY SP5 BTJ/V
ON 12-01-91
APR 41 # 99-2631

RECORDED

Mr. P. Wyle
Federal Bureau of Investigation
U. S. Department of Justice
700 Mississippi Tower Building
Jackson, Mississippi

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES
ADVISED BY ROUTING
SLIP(S) 100
DATE 7-7-80

Dear Sir:

7-7-80
CLASS. & EXT. BY SP1 GSK/ci
REASON-FCIM II, 1-2.4.2 3
DATE OF REVIEW 7-7-90

The Bureau has received your letter of April 24, 1941, which purports to be a report upon the results of the surveillance maintained of the Duke and Duchess of Windsor during the period of their visit at Palm Beach, Florida, from April 18 to April 23, 1941. This letter consists mostly of lists of persons who were alleged to be in attendance at the various functions attended by the Duke and Duchess. This letter, however, is grossly unsatisfactory in that it does not show completely or accurately the identity of the persons attending the various functions. From information available at the Bureau it appears that certain persons attended several of these functions but that their names do not appear in the list furnished by you. In other situations the identifying data concerning persons attending the functions are erroneous and false. A typical example of these inaccuracies is the listing of the attendance at the party given by Mrs. Henson Leysburn on April 18, 1941, of Mrs. Gardner (Mrs. Archibald R. Gardner (Eugenie Burdick)). The person described in your letter was not in attendance at this party and the information set forth does not relate in any manner to the Mrs. Gardner who attended this function. (X)(u)

The Bureau believes that the report submitted by you is most unsatisfactory since it appears to consist solely of the enumeration of lists of persons who were announced as attending these functions, supplemented by an unsuccessful attempt on your part to associate these people with biographical data appearing in some social register. You were instructed to establish a surveillance in this case for the purpose of determining the identity of the persons, contacts, subject matters of discussion, etc. Absolutely no information along these lines was furnished by you. This report is most unsatisfactory. (X)(u)

Mr. Tolson
Mr. E. A. Tamm
Mr. Clegg
Mr. Foxworth
Mr. Glavin
Mr. Ladd
Mr. Nichols
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Carson
Mr. Quinn Tamm
Mr. Hendon
Mr. Tracy
Miss Gandy

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
MAILED 6
MAY 1 1941
ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
DATE 10-1-80 BY SP1 GSK/ci
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Very truly yours,
J. Edgar Hoover
John Edgar Hoover
Director

CONFIDENTIAL

Federal Bureau of Investigation
United States Department of Justice

1300 Biscayne Building
Miami, Florida

CONFIDENTIAL

~~PERSONAL AND CONFIDENTIAL~~

DECLASSIFIED BY SP3 BTJ/SH
ON 10/1/99 APPROX # 95-2331

May 2, 1941

Mr. Tolson.....
Mr. E. A. Tamm.....
Mr. Clegg.....
Mr. Foxworth.....
Mr. Glavin.....
Mr. Ladd.....
Mr. Nichols.....
Mr. Rosen.....
Mr. Carson.....
Mr. Drayton.....
Mr. Quinn Tamm.....
Mr. Hendon.....
Mr. Tracy.....
Miss Gandy.....

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES
AND FIELD OFFICES

ADVISED BY ROUTING

SUP (S) BY DA

DATE 7-14-80

Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Washington, D. C.

7-7-80
CLASS. & EXT. BY SP4 BTJ/SH
REASON-FCIM II, 1-2.4.2.3
DATE OF REVIEW 7-7-90

RE: THE DUKE AND DUCHESS OF WINDSOR
INFORMATION CONCERNING

Dear Sir:

This will supplement the letter from the Miami Field Division to the Bureau dated April 24, 1941, relative to the activities of the Duke and Duchess of Windsor during their visit at Palm Beach, Florida between April 18, 1941 and April 23, 1941. (u)

RECORDED

The following is a list of the telephone numbers called from the Everglades Club during the time Duke and Duchess were the guests of that Club, along with the identities of the persons called, as well as the name of the person making the call. It should be noted that all calls were made to West Palm Beach or Palm Beach numbers unless otherwise designated. (u)

65-3113-16
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
MAY 8 1941
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
TAMM
FOXWORTH
HENDON

Number	From	To
6980	Mr. Ventura. Mr. Ventura is the Publicity Manager for the Everglades Club	Mrs. William C. Fisher. Mrs. William Cummings Fisher (Adelaide Jacques), 221 Monterey Road, Telephone 6980. Clubs: Bath and Tennis, Society of Four Arts; Adults: Mrs. E. Jacques Miller
7271	Mr. Ventura	Miss Bell residence. It should be noted this telephone is listed to William T. Hoops, who is now deceased and it has been determined that Miss Bell is

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OTHERWISE

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CONFIDENTIAL

Director

5-2-41

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

<u>Number</u>	<u>From</u>	<u>To</u>
4081	Joe Needham, Everglades Club detective	the daughter of the care- taker of the Hoops estate Franklyn Hutton residence. Mrs. Franklyn Laws Hutton (Irene Curley) "Hogarcito", No. 17 Golf View Road, tele- phone 8118. Other address: 745 5th Avenue, New York City. Clubs: Bath and Tennis, Everglades, Palm Beach, Fla. New York Yacht, Burlingane, Pacific at San Francisco, Deerpale Golf, New York
6574	Mr. Ventura	His own residence (u) X
4288	Telephone operator	Herbert Pulitzer, who has been previously identified to the Bureau
8141	Major Phillips Gray	Western Union
8036	Telephone operator	Major Warburton, who has previously been identified to the Bureau
8704	Mr. Ventura	Miss Keys. She was identified as Miss Emily Keys, reporter for Palm Beach Times, 3500 Washington Road, West Palm Beach, Florida. Married name: Mrs. Frederick W. Evans
8191	Major Phillips Gray	Hotel Washington, West Palm Beach, Florida
5181	Major Phillips Gray	Palm Beach Travel Service, a local travel bureau
5000	Major Phillips Gray	Biltmore taxi company

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Director

5-2-47

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

<u>Number</u>	<u>From</u>	<u>To</u>
4356	Unlisted	Maitland Alexander residence. Previously identified to the Bureau
8370	Unlisted	Mrs. Howard Alexander, who has previously been identified to the Bureau
7141	Captain Alastair MacKintosh	Palm Beach Police Department
9957	Major Phillips Gray	Milton W. Holden X
3781	Mr. Ventura	Sun and Surf Club
8466	Mr. Ventura	J. J. Kerrigan, 220 Eden Road, - Garden of Eden. Welles Ester Slater, telephone 8466. Other address: Oyster Bay, Long Island, New York. Clubs: Turf and Field, Freak, Racquet and Tennis, Sea Wanhaka - Corinthian Yacht Colony, College: Univ. of Illinois, 1906; Adults: Arnold N. Welles, Benjamin Welles, Hunt S. Kerrigan (u)
7173	Mr. Ventura	Alibi Club
4219	Miss Drews, the Duchess' secretary	Western Union
7650	Unlisted	Paul G. Tuttle, residence West Palm Beach, Florida. Listed as mechanical engineer. Wife: Marion H.
9831	Miss Drews	Lester Spaulding, 340 Cocoanut Row, Brownell Apartments. No other information available
7118	Mr. Ventura	Wolcott Blair residence. Previously identified to the Bureau

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Director

5-2-41

<u>Number</u>	<u>From</u>	<u>To</u>
9701	Mr. Ventura	Le Ray Berdeaux (Chadwick Audrey Quinn), residence: Villa Today, Palm Beach, Florida. No other information available
7271	Mr. Ventura	Bath and Tennis Club
5943	Carlo	Sandy Loam Farm. The Sandy Loam Farm is owned by Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Dillman, who have previously been identified to the Bureau
4196	Tyson	Seaglade Hotel
4061	Major Phillips Gray	H. Ervin Schur. Operator of a mens' shop on Worth Avenue, Palm Beach, Florida
4356	Major Phillips Gray	Maitland Alexander. Previously identified to the Bureau
8031	Major Phillips Gray	Mrs. Seth Sprague, 111 Brazilian Avenue; other addresses: 110 E. 55th Street, New York City, 39 Bellevue Avenue, Newport, Rhode Island. Clubs: Bath and Tennis, Everglades, Seminole Golf, Palm Beach, Florida; Union, Brook, Racquet and Tennis, Turf and Field, Southside, River, New York, Tennis and Racquet, Somerset, Boston, Mass.
6475	Mr. Fletcher, the Duke's valet	Frank Bros., local clothiers
8044	Unlisted	Reimer Intelligence Bureau, local employment agency

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Director

5-2-41

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

<u>Number</u>	<u>From</u>	<u>To</u>
3611	Major Phillips Gray	First National Bank, Palm Beach, Florida
6767	Major Phillips Gray	Ernest S. Howes (Alice Maude Huguley) "Beretania", 150 Clark Avenue. Other addresses: 321 Summer Street, Boston, Mass., Jerusalem Road, North, Cohasset, Mass. Clubs: Seminole, Gulf Stream, Old Guard Society, Everglades, Bath and Tennis, Palm Beach, Florida; Alonquin, Boston; Cohasset Golf, Cohasset Yacht and Country Club, Brookline, Mass.
8924	Captain Alastair MacKintosh	Elizabeth Arden, a local beauty parlor
4246	Miss Drews	Frances W. Randolph. Mrs. Frances Wann Randolph (Frances Wann), 237 Worth Avenue, Palm Beach; other address: St. Regis, Hotel, New York City; Clubs: Bath and Tennis and Everglades. Guest: Mrs. Louise Olive Cameron, Washington, D. C.
6407	Miss Drews	Franklyn L. Hutton. Previously identified to the Bureau
3611	Major Phillips Gray	First National Bank
7156	Some Police Officer	Residence of Mrs. Margaret Emerson. Previously identified to the Bureau
4061	Major Phillips Gray	H. Ervin Schur.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Director

5-2-41

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

<u>Number</u>	<u>From</u>	<u>To</u>
4061	The Duke's valet	H. Ervin Schur
7896	Captain Eddie Longo	Residence of Vincent L. Diminquez, Atlantic Avenue. It should be noted that this is probably a mistake in view of the fact that Captain Longo did not know the identity of these persons and had not made any call to them. However, it was ascertained through discreet inquiry that this person resides at Atlantic Avenue and Ocean Boulevard in the John Shepherd, Jr. house; that he has been in Palm Beach since about January 1, 1941; that he is an English subject, and a friend of the Duke's, having resided on the estate next to the Duke's in England; that while residing in New York he stops at the Westing Hotel, 691 Madison Avenue, and that during the summer they usually visit Newport, Rhode Island or the North or South shore of Long Island. It was ascertained that Mr. Diminquez is an invalid; that he expected to depart for New York within a few days after the departure of the Duke. This information was obtained by questioning one of the servants who was observed exercising Mr. Diminquez's dogs near the residence. This person advised that the Duke of Windsor had been in touch with Mr. Diminquez.
9892	Major Phillips Gray	Palm Beach Aerial Corporation, probably for the purpose of discussing the Duke's aerial flight back to Nassau

(u)

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Director

5-2-41

<u>Number</u>	<u>From</u>	<u>To</u>
5894	Major Phillips Gray	Russell W. Thaw, who was ascertained to be the pilot of the Vanderbilt plane which carried the Duke and Duchess back to Nassau
8036	Major Phillips Gray	Major Barclay Warburton

An effort was made to obtain copies of all telegrams from the Western Union and Postal Telegraph Companies, but the managers of these respective organizations declined to furnish this information. (u)

Captain LONGO stated that he felt eventually he might possibly be able to obtain some information from the manager of the Western Union concerning the identity of the persons to whom telegrams were sent, but that it would be impossible to obtain the incoming telegrams in view of the fact the local office does not have a copy of the incoming messages. Captain LONGO advised if this information was received he would immediately furnish the same to the Miami Field Division. (u)

There are some additional telephone numbers that will have to be checked and as soon as the identities of these persons are established, the information will be furnished to the Bureau. (u)

Very truly yours,

R. G. Danner
R. G. Danner
Special Agent in Charge

WHO:eb
62-1495

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

JOHN EDGAR HOOVER
DIRECTOR

Federal Bureau of Investigation
United States Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Mr. Tolson	.....
Mr. E. A. Tamm	.....
Mr. Clegg	.....
Mr. Foxworth	.....
Mr. Glavin	.....
Mr. Ladd	.....
Mr. Nichols	.....
Mr. Rosen	.....
Mr. Carson	.....
Mr. Quinn Tamm	.....
Mr. Tracy	.....
Miss Gandy	.....

April 28, 1941

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES
AND FIELD OFFICES
ADVISED BY ROUTING
SLIP(S) BY OO (JRS)
DATE 7-14-80

DECLASSIFIED BY SP3 BTJ/SH
ON 12/01/99
APP# 99-2561

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. E. A. TAMM

With regard to the Director's memorandum
of April 18, 1941, addressed to you and Mr.
Tolson, I have advised all of the Supervisors
that we would not institute investigations unless
written memoranda are received from the Depart-
ment making the request for such investigation.

Respectfully,

A. Rosen
A. Rosen

~~6-8-83~~

7-7-80
CLASS. & EXT. BY SP1 GSV/ce
REASON-FCIM, II, 1-2.4.2 3
DATE OF REVIEW 7-7-90

RECORDED

65-31113-17
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
6 APR 29 1941
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
TAMM

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

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CLASS. & EXT. BY 6383 BTJ/ce
REASON-FCIM, II, 1-2.4.2 3
DATE OF REVIEW 6-10-91
C-10-91

Duke of Windsor
Duchess of Windsor

JOHN EDGAR HOOVER
DIRECTOR

649A,
Federal Bureau of Investigation
United States Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

PEF:WGR

May 2, 1941

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES
AND FIELD OFFICES
ADVISED BY ROUTING
SLIP IS BY (OR NRS)
DATE 7-14-60

CLASSIFIED BY 6383 VAS/100
REASON FCIM, I, 1-2.4.2
DATE OF REVIEW 6/14/91
6-10-81

6-8-83 P. H. Roe

MEMORANDUM FOR THE DIRECTOR

383 BTJ/TH
65-83-29
APR 21 1941

While talking with Miss [redacted] this afternoon she told me that sometime ago Fred Prince, whom she described as being a man of about eighty years and a friend of hers, called her by telephone from Aiken, South Carolina, at which time he told her that he received information which he considered absolutely reliable to the effect that Joe Kennedy, the former Ambassador to England, and Ben Smith, the Wall Street operator, had met Goering in Vichy, France where they had a talk with him; that Kennedy and Smith were both donating a considerable amount of money to the German cause and could both be described as being anti-Irish, very much anti-British and pro-German.

Miss [redacted] expressed the personal opinion that Joe Kennedy was not smart enough to do anything but that Ben Smith was.

In considering this information, I recall that Miss [redacted] has always been very antagonistic toward Joe Kennedy because of some sort of a feud that was on between Joe Kennedy at the time he was Ambassador in London and Bullitt at the time he was Ambassador in Paris. Miss [redacted] did live in France before the war and was very friendly with Bullitt.

7-8-80
CLASS. & EXT. BY SP4 GSK/ci
REASON-FCIM, II, 1-2.4.2
DATE OF REVIEW 7-8-90

Respectfully,
P. E. Foxworth

P. E. Foxworth

RECORDED 65-3113-19K
&
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
6 MAY 5 1941
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
TOLSON
FIVE

ADDENDUM:

Prince made the call to Miss [redacted] requesting that she endeavor to get the information to the President. He knew that she was friendly with Jim Farley.

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~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

JOHN EDGAR HOOVER
DIRECTOR

64741
Federal Bureau of Investigation
United States Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

PER:WGR

May 2, 1941

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

DECLASSIFIED BY SP3BTJ/SH
ON 12/01/99

APP # 2531

MEMORANDUM FOR THE DIRECTOR

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES
AND FIELD OFFICES
ADVISED BY ROUTING
SLIP(S) BY DAD NRSW
DATE 7-14-80

While talking with Miss [REDACTED] she told me that Robert Huntington, a brother of the former Mrs. Vincent Astor, had once told her that he definitely had proof that Goering and the Duke of Windsor had entered into some sort of an agreement, which in substance was to the effect that after Germany won the war Goering, through control of the army, was going to overthrow Hitler and then he would install the Duke or Windsor as the King of England. Miss [REDACTED] stated that she did not go into any detail with Huntington about what his proof was, but that she did recall the matter. X4

She also told me again that there was no doubt whatever but that the Duchess of Windsor had had an affair with Ribbentrop, and that of course she had an intense hate for the English since they had kicked them out of England. X4

Miss [REDACTED] stated that she knew definitely that the English Government had instructed the Windsors not to come to America and particularly to stay off the boat of Axel Wenner-Gren, but that they disregarded these instructions completely. X4

She said that her information came from Allen MacIntosh, a personal friend who made arrangements for the entertainment of the Windsors in Miami recently. He further told her that it was the intention of the Windsors to visit in Newport and also in Canada during the coming summer. I remember that William Rhinelanders Stewart also mentioned to me that the Windsors were going to visit in Canada during the coming summer, at which time he hoped to see them. X4

7-8-80
CLASS. & EXT. BY SP1 GSK/ce
REASON-FCIM II, 1-2.4.2 3
DATE OF REVIEW 7-8-90

RECORDED & INDEXED

Respectfully

P. E. Foxworth

65-31113-18
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
6 MAY 5 1941
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
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CLASS. & EXT. BY SP1 GSK/ce
REASON-FCIM II, 1-2.4.2
DATE OF REVIEW 6-10-91

649

PEF:JB

May 3, 1941

CONFIDENTIAL

RECEIVED BY S3BTJ/SH
 ON 12/6/99
 AFFM# 2531

PERSONAL AND CONFIDENTIAL
 BY SPECIAL MESSENGER

RECORDED

Major General Edwin H. Watson
 Secretary to the President
 The White House
 Washington, D. C.

CLASS. & EXT. BY SP1/ASK/ci
 REASON-FCIM II, 1-2.4.2.3
 DATE OF REVIEW 7-8-90

[65-31113-19] (u)

Dear General Watson:

Information has been received at this Bureau from a source that is socially prominent and known to be in touch with some of the people involved, but for whom we cannot vouch, to the effect that Joseph P. Kennedy, the former Ambassador to England, and Ben Smith, the Wall Street operator, some time in the past had a meeting with Goering in Vichy, France, and that thereafter Kennedy and Smith had donated a considerable amount of money to the German cause. They are both described as being very anti-British and pro-German. *44*

This same source of information advised that it was reported that the Duke of Windsor entered into an agreement which in substance was to the effect that if Germany was victorious in the war, Herman Goering through his control of the army would overthrow Hitler and would thereafter install the Duke of Windsor as the King of England. This information concerning the Windsors is said to have originated from Allan McIntosh, a personal friend of the Duke of Windsor, who made the arrangements for the entertainment of the Windsors when they were in Miami recently. It is further reported that it is the intention of the Windsors to visit in Newport, Rhode Island, and also in Canada during the coming summer. *44*

Sincerely yours,

Mr. Tolson _____
 Mr. E. A. Tamm _____
 Mr. Clegg _____
 Mr. Foxworth _____
 Mr. Glavin _____
 Mr. Ladd _____
 Mr. Nichols _____
 Mr. Rosen _____
 Mr. Carson _____
 Mr. Quinn Tamm _____
 Mr. Neenan _____
 Mr. Tracy _____
 Miss Gandy _____

COMMUNICATIONS SECTION
 MAILED
 MAY 3 1941
 P. M.
 FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
 U. S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

7-8-80
 CLASS. & EXT. BY SP1/ASK/ci
 REASON-FCIM II, 1-2.4.2.3
 DATE OF REVIEW 7-8-90

In and to
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 EXCEPT WHERE SHOWN
 OTHERWISE

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CONFIDENTIAL

DECLASSIFIED BY SP3 BT/SH
ON 12-03-99

APPROX #99-2531

~~CONFIDENTIAL MATERIAL ATTACHED~~

7-8-80
CLASS. & EXT. BY SP-1 GSK/c
REASON-FCIM II, 1-2.4.2.3
DATE OF REVIEW 12-8-90

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~
6-8-83

ENCLOSURE

[65-31113-20] (u) ~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

DECLASSIFIED BY SP3 BTJ/JH
12-23-99

APPN # 99-2531

7-8-80
CLASS. & EXT. BY SP-1 BSK/c
REASON-FCIM II, 1-2.4.2-3
DATE OF REVIEW 7-8-80

*Special 10-15-41
D.A.*

Obtain



NATIONAL DEFENSE DIVISION - FBI

ND-32

1941

TO:

☒ Director
☐ Mr. Tolson
☐ Mr. E. A. Tamm
☐ Mr. Clegg
☐ Mr. Nichols
☐ Mr. Rosen
☐ Mr. Glavin
☐ Mr. Tracy
☐ Mr. Q. Tamm
☐ Mr. Coffey
☐ Miss Gandy

☐ Mr. Carson
☐ Mr. Cunningham
☐ Mr. Fitch
☐ Mr. Holloman
☐ Mr. Kimball
☐ Mr. Kramer
☐ Mr. Strickland
☐ Mr. Timm
☐ Mr. Little
☐ Mr. Spear
☐ Mr. Thurston

☐ Mrs. Henley
☐ Miss Lyon
☐ Mrs. Allen
☐ Mr. Rogers
☐ Mrs. Caplon
☐ Mr. Cleveland
☐ Miss Lewis

☐ Chief Clerk's Office
☐ Files Section
☐ Personnel Files
☐ Mechanical Section
☐ Identification Division
☐ Technical Laboratory
☐ Translation Unit

☐ See me
☐ Call me
☐ Appropriate action
☐ Note & return
☐ Send file
☐ Bring up-to-date
☐ Correct
☐ Redate
☐ Record and route
☐ Please initial & return

OBSCENE MATERIAL

ALL INFORMATION CONTAINED
 HEREIN IS UNCLASSIFIED
 DATE 12-3-99 BY 60565 JH

D. M. LADD - Rm. 1742
 Telephone Ext. 2121

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Memorandum for Mr. Ladd

-2-

Father Odo further stated that Queen Mary told him that the Duchess of Windsor acted as mistress for Von Ribbentrop. The Earl of Athlone, Lord Baldwin, with whom Father Odo assertedly is very well acquainted, and the head of the British Intelligence Service (a man of many names but best known to Odo as Cornell Cooper,) told him the same thing. (u)

Father Odo claimed that Lord Baldwin advised him the British were anxious to get rid of the Duke of Windsor first and foremost because of the scandal which he had brought upon his country by associating with a mistress, and secondly because of his fondness for Nazi ideology and his desire to rule England without a parliament. Lord Baldwin allegedly asserted that the Duke wanted to suppress Parliament and head a party which in effect would make him the Dictator of England. (u)

Father Odo remarked that the Duchess of Windsor while attending a public party in Paris at one time supposedly told certain individuals that the Duke is impotent and that although he had tried sexual intercourse with numerous women they had been unsuccessful in satisfying his passions. According to the story related by Father Odo, the Duchess in her own inimitable and unique manner has been the only woman who had been able to satisfactorily gratify the Duke's sexual desires. This, Father Odo added, is the real reason why people "in the know" have such a keen dislike for this woman. According to him, the Duke's mother, Queen Mary, told him in German, "I don't know more this son", which Father Odo interpreted to mean that she desires neither to know nor to have anything to do with the Duke. Father Odo stated that it is because of this general feeling among the British that the Duke has been relegated to his present position in the Bahama Islands. (u)

Respectfully,

L. L. Laughlin
L. L. Laughlin

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~



Federal Bureau of Investigation
United States Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

LLL:WGR:RT

September 29, 1944

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

Mr. Tolson _____
Mr. E. A. Tamm _____
Mr. Clegg _____
Mr. Foxworth _____
Mr. Glavin _____
Mr. Ladd _____
Mr. Nichols _____
Mr. Rosen _____
Mr. Carson _____
Mr. Holloman _____
Mr. Quinn Tamm _____
Mr. Hendon _____
Mr. Coffey _____
Mr. Harbo _____
Tele. Room _____
Tow. Room _____
Mr. Nease _____
Mr. Tracy _____
Miss Beahm _____
Miss Gandy _____

7-8-80
CLASS. & EXT. BY SP-1 BSV/ice
REASON-FCIM II, 1-2.4.2.2.3
DATE OF REVIEW 7-8-90
MEMORANDUM FOR Mr. D. W. LADD

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES
AND FIELD OFFICES
ADVISED BY ROUTING
SLIP(S) BY [initials]
DATE 7-14-00

While interviewing the Reverend Dom Odo, O.S.B., at the Franciscan Monastery, 1440 Quincy Street, N. E. today regarding Dr. Hoffman, a German priest presently in this country who is described as a Gestapo agent, he advised that he is related to Queen Mary of England. He informed that she is a born Duchess of Tech which is a side line of the royal family of Wurttemberg, Odo's ancestors. It is noted that prior to entering the Benedictine religious order, Odo's name was Duke Charles Alexander of Wurttemberg and he was born in Stuttgart, Wurttemberg on March 12, 1896. (u)

Father Odo related that he knows Queen Mary and her brother, the Earl of Athlone, the present Governor General of Canada, very well. Upon hearing this, the writer rather casually inquired whether Father Odo had seen the Duke and Duchess of Windsor during their recent visit to Washington. In reply, he stated that he had not nor had he any desire to, and in this respect was probably in full accord with the Duke's family who will have nothing whatever to do with the Duchess. Father Odo remarked that he has seen the Duchess of Windsor on numerous occasions and is aware that she had formerly consorted with Von Ribbentrop, the present Foreign Minister of Germany, while the latter was in London as German Ambassador to England. Father Odo advised that he knew definitely that Von Ribbentrop, while in England, sent the then Wallis Simpson seventeen carnations every day. The seventeen supposedly represented the number of times they had slept together. Father Odo added that Miss Simpson always attended the affairs and dances given by the German Embassy in London. (u)

INDEXED

RECORDED

65-31113-20

Father Odo informed that Queen Mary has told him personally that she will never see her son so long as he is associated with his present wife. According to him, the Duke came to see his mother shortly after the outbreak of the present war. At that time, Queen Mary indicated she would see him providing he came alone. He refused this offer and his mother US DEPT OF JUSTICE denied him an audience. However he did see his brother, King George VI, at which time he supposedly made the following demands: (1) That he be made Commander-in-Chief of the British Expeditionary Force; (2) that he be made Field Marshal, which he was as King of England and (3) that his wife be titled "Her Royal Highness" and be known as the First Princess of Great Britain. King George supposedly replied that the Duke of Windsor would continue as a Brigadier General; that his wife would be called "Her Grace" and known as the Duchess of Windsor only; and that the Duke himself should leave the country. (u)

DECLASSIFIED BY SP3 ORS/SH
ON 12/15/95
APPROX 99-2651

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OTHERWISE

~~CONFIDENTIAL~~

OFFICE OF DIRECTOR
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

September 23, 1941.

DECLASSIFIED BY *SP6 BJA/jub*
ON *4-1-88*

CONFIDENTIAL

3:00 pm *C.N. 264,581*

Mrs. [redacted], American Coalition
tele. She is sending Miss [redacted]
[redacted] in to give the Bureau
the Benefit of her observations
in connection with the internal
securities situation in the
United States as it appears to
her in her travels about the
country. *4 u*

Mrs. [redacted] was assured we would
be very glad to have Miss [redacted]
come in. *4 4*

CLASS. & EXT. BY *KJL/VAT/ang*
REASON-FCIM II, 1-2.4.2 *2*
DATE OF REVIEW *6-18-91*

3:15 pm Miss [redacted] came in and
was referred to Mr. Wachs for inter-
view. *4 4*

7-8-80
CLASS. & EXT. BY *SP1 BSK/ci*
REASON-FCIM II, 1-2.4.2 *2*
DATE OF REVIEW *7-8-98*

CLASSIFIED DECISIONS FINALIZED
BY DEPARTMENTAL REVIEW COMMITTEE (DRC)
DATE: *8-5-83*

APPROPRIATE AGENCIES
AND FIELD OFFICES
ADVISED BY ROUTING SLIP(S)
DATE *10-24-80*
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65-31113-21 (u)
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
3 OCT 14 1941
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
CONFIDENTIAL

b7c
↓

JOHN EDGAR HOOVER
DIRECTOR



PJW:AJ
4:10 P. M.

Federal Bureau of Investigation
United States Department of Justice
Washington, D. C.

September 23, 1941

CONFIDENTIAL

Mr. Tolson _____
Mr. E. A. Tamm _____
Mr. Clegg _____
Mr. Foxworth _____
Mr. Glavin _____
Mr. Ladd _____
Mr. Nichols _____
Mr. Rosen _____
Mr. Carson _____
Mr. Holloman _____
Mr. Quinn Tamm _____
Mr. Hendon _____
Mr. Coffey _____
Mr. Harbo _____
Tele. Room _____
Mr. Nease _____

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. P. E. FOXWORTH

RE: MISS [REDACTED]
Informant.

7-8-80
CLASS. & EXT. BY SP1GSK/le
REASON-FCIM II, 1-2.4.2.3
DATE OF REVIEW 7-8-90

DECLASSIFIED BY 4-1-88
ON C.N. 264,58

By reference from the Director's Office, Miss [REDACTED] was interviewed by the writer. She advised that she resided near Mount Auburn on the outskirts of Cincinnati, Ohio, and her address was "P. O. Station E, Mount Auburn, Cincinnati, Ohio."

Miss [REDACTED] also related that during the first World War she was executive secretary of the Women's Division of the Council of National Defense in Cincinnati, Ohio, under the direction of John Galvin. The latter was Mayor of Cincinnati at that time. She further advised that the State organization of the Council of National Defense was headed at that time by Governor James M. Cox. She advised that she is President of the USO Club of Cincinnati and that this is the only organization with which she is affiliated at the present time.

Miss [REDACTED] stated she thought the current visit to the United States of the Duke and Duchess of Windsor should be closely scrutinized. She stated that in her opinion the Duchess of Windsor is a "tool" of the German Government. Miss [REDACTED] related that at one time she met a Colonel Ruppert Dawes (or Dawson) at Palm Beach, Florida. She described Colonel Dawes as an individual who was connected with the Canadian military forces; that Colonel Dawes advised her he was in charge of the British forces in Africa during the first World War; that the Duchess of Kent had been sent to England as a "plant" and "to get the King by two Governments." Miss [REDACTED] could offer no additional information concerning the identity or present whereabouts of Colonel Dawes.

During the interview Miss [REDACTED] described the Duchess of Windsor as an individual who evidently was backed by certain propaganda which she believed was sponsored by the German Government. She advised

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the Duchess of Windsor was an associate of Von Ribbentrop while the latter was German Ambassador to London, inasmuch as both of these individuals attended the same social functions in London. She further advised that a Reverend McCloud, whom she characterized as a high ranking Presbyterian minister from Scotland, told her that he had a missionary son stationed in the Limehouse district of London; that across the street from his mission house were located several places wherein dope of various descriptions was sold; that his son had observed the Duchess of Windsor enter one of these places to purchase "dope." Miss [REDACTED] is of the opinion that the Duchess of Windsor administers "dope" to the Duke. She also advised that Reverend McCloud had informed her that the nobility of London characterized the Duchess of Windsor as "Limehouse Bess". Miss [REDACTED] repeatedly expressed an opinion that the Duchess of Windsor was undoubtedly pro-German in her political sympathies and perhaps may be in the employ of the German government. The writer closely questioned Miss [REDACTED] as to some specific facts upon which she predicated her opinions. Miss [REDACTED] however, was unable to substantiate any of her statements regarding her opinions concerning the pro-German tendencies of the Duchess of Windsor. 4

Miss [REDACTED] also related that during the summer of 1938 while having luncheon at the Waldorf Astoria Hotel in New York City she observed at a nearby table individuals whom she identified as Fritz Wiedemann, Alois Westrick and Adolf Hitler. She stated that the latter individual was wearing a blond mustache instead of the customary black one. Miss [REDACTED] advised that she would "stake her life" on the fact that this individual was Hitler. 4

Miss [REDACTED] is obviously "spy conscious" without any specific facts to substantiate or collaborate her personal opinions. 4

The writer expressed the Bureau's appreciation to her for her interest in calling regarding this matter and advised her that in the event she obtained any information which she believed might be of interest to the Bureau, she should forward the same to the Bureau or contact Special Agent in Charge R. C. Suran, Cincinnati Field Division. 4

A review of the Bureau file indicates that Miss [REDACTED] was interviewed on February 5, 1937, by Supervisor K. R. McIntire concerning Communist activities in the United States. 4

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- 3 -

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On September 26, 1941, at 2:40 P. M. Miss [redacted] contacted the writer in the latter's office at which time she submitted additional information concerning the Duchess of Windsor. Miss [redacted] advised the first husband of the Duchess of Windsor was a midshipman of the United States Navy whom the Duchess met in San Diego, California; that the midshipman was subsequently ordered to Singapore; that the Duchess followed him to that city where she frequented various night clubs and contacted various naval officers of both the United States and British Navies; that the British authorities received information that the Duchess was attempting to obtain information concerning naval secrets from the British officers whom she met; that as a result of her activities her husband, the midshipman, whose name Miss [redacted] could not recall, was transferred from that post of duty; that the midshipman was informed that his removal was due to the activities of his wife, the present Duchess of Windsor. Miss [redacted] advised that the midshipman subsequently obtained a divorce from the Duchess. b7c

Miss [redacted] also furnished information concerning a Major Gallop, first name unknown, who presently resides at the Plaza Hotel in New York City. She stated that he married the former Mrs. Andrew Jergens. Miss [redacted] advised that Major Gallop evidently is of British descent but is pro-German in his remarks. She was unable to supply any specific information concerning the remarks allegedly made by Major Gallop or any information concerning his present activities. 4

This information is merely being made a matter of record and no action is contemplated regarding the same in view of its non-specific nature. 4

Respectfully,

P. J. Wacks
P. J. Wacks

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XXXXXXX
XXXXXXX
XXXXXXXFEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
FOIPA
DELETED PAGE INFORMATION SHEET

3 Page(s) withheld entirely at this location in the file. One or more of the following statements, where indicated, explain this deletion.

- ☐ Deletions were made pursuant to the exemptions indicated below with no segregable material available for release to you.

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- ☐ Information pertained only to a third party with no reference to the subject of your request or the subject of your request is listed in the title only.

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X No Duplication Fee X
X For This Page X
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JOHN EDGAR HOOVER
DIRECTOR



Federal Bureau of Investigation
United States Department of Justice

Washington, D. C.

December 6, 1941

FJH:AJ

11:40 A. M.

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DECLASSIFIED BY SP3 BTY/SH
ON 01-01-99

APPROX 99-2531

7-8-80
CLASS. & EXT. BY SP16SK/cu
REASON-FCIM II, 1-2.4.23.3
DATE OF REVIEW 7-8-90

MEMORANDUM FOR MR. D. M. LADD

RE: [MISS ██████████]

CLASSIFIED DECISIONS FINALIZED
BY DEPARTMENT REVIEW COMMITTEE (DRC)
DATE: 6-8-83

Your attention is called to an interview conducted by the writer of Miss ██████████ of Cincinnati, Ohio, on September 23, 1941, at which time she submitted certain information concerning the Duke and Duchess of Windsor who were at that time on a visit to the United States. 24

At the above time Miss ██████████ again called on the writer and submitted a pamphlet entitled, "International Espionage Behind Edward's Abdication" by "Observer". This pamphlet was published by the Periscope Publishing Company, 57 Bloor Street, West, Toronto, Ontario. Miss ██████████ advised that she had obtained this particular pamphlet from a close friend of hers whose name she was reluctant to reveal and stated that in her opinion the contents of this pamphlet are absolutely correct. She stated that prior to her departure from Cincinnati on December 5, 1941, she telephonically contacted the publishers of this particular pamphlet in an endeavor to obtain additional copies of the same. Miss ██████████ also advised that she had five hundred mimeographed copies of this pamphlet prepared, two copies of which she submitted to the writer. She advised that these copies were made up at her request for future possible distribution. She requested the writer as to the feasibility of distributing the copies of the pamphlet inasmuch as the author of the article is not known. The writer informed Miss ██████████ that he could not express an opinion one way or the other as to whether she should distribute copies of this particular pamphlet. She expressed her opinion that she thought it inadvisable to distribute these pamphlets at the present time inasmuch as the author is not known. b7c

The writer expressed the appreciation of the Bureau for her interest concerning this matter and thanked her for submitting the above-mentioned pamphlet and the copies of the same. Miss ██████████ advised that in the event she obtains any additional information concerning the activities of the Duke and Duchess of Windsor or any other matter which might be of interest to the Bureau, she would immediately submit the same to the Bureau. 24

Respectfully,

P. J. Wacks
P. J. Wacks

CONFIDENTIAL

CH-22

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(6)

Mr. Tolson _____
Mr. E. A. Tamm _____
Mr. Clegg _____
Mr. Glavin _____
Mr. Ladd _____
Mr. Nichols _____
Mr. Rosen _____
Mr. Tracy _____
Mr. Carson _____
Mr. Coffey _____
Mr. Hendon _____
Mr. Mumford _____
Mr. Quinn Tamm _____
Mr. Nease _____
Miss Gandy _____

ENCLOSURE
I ENCL. 2

INTERNATIONAL ESPIONAGE BEHIND EDWARD'S ABDICATION

BY OBSERVER



SEVENTH EDITION

DECLASSIFIED BY SP3BTS/3H
ON 04/04/00
AVIA # 99-2531

[65-31113-23]

(u)

ARTICLE I

A NATIONAL STAND

Since November 18th, 1936, the British Commonwealth passed through a crisis that is not only extraordinary in nature, but unprecedented in severity.

Prior to this date there was scarcely anything to indicate its approach, still less its outcome. If anyone could have conjectured that less than a month later would see the British throne occupied by the third king in one year, we would have thought that such was incredulous. And now, we have witnessed the raising of a moral issue that affected the occupancy of the throne, a nation-wide disapproval of such occupancy, the abdication of the king whose popularity surpassed any of his predecessors, and the accession to the British throne of a man who has always remained in silent obscurity.

It is still more remarkable, when one considers that, the coupling of these events of December, 1936, with the then approaching coronation of George VI, immediately reveals the fact that all those climactical events are under the control of an Unseen Hand. It would thus appear that our former king, Edward VIII, was destined to relinquish his occupancy of the throne, and that the crown was to be laid upon the head of another member of the Royal Family*.

It would be most indiscreet at this time to publish certain information surrounding this major crisis of the King's abdication. Much must be left to be read between the lines of this booklet. It may, with safety, be said that the king's abdication was over an issue even more serious than that of choosing, as his wife, a person who would not only have become queen, but one who would have brought dishonour to the throne as well as to himself.

For some considerable time, possibly almost two years, there had gathered around our former monarch, a network of influences which were of a most subtle and deadly character. We have reason to believe that in the good-hearted nature of Edward, he accepted without question the friendship and companionship of certain individuals who possessed magnetic personalities. Their purpose was not primarily to bring about the marriage of an American society girl with the monarch of the world's greatest empire, but to make contact with sources of secret information (of the most vital nature) relating to the policy - external as well as internal - of that empire; such information thus accessible would prove invaluable to foreign nations who had secret designs for bringing about the destruction of the British Commonwealth.

It must be said at once that Edward, undoubtedly, was completely unaware of the net that was being thrown around him, owing to the brilliancy - which outshone all other factors - of the group's central figure, Mrs. Simpson. Her function was to cover the movements of her associates. It was not until very recent date, that the British monarch himself realized he was caught in the coils of the most perfectly-laid plot ever designed against the British throne.

* - See "The Re-Birth of Civilization" by J. S. Eason, The Periscope Publishing Co.

Unfortunately, Edward apparently did not take any too seriously the warnings that must have been given to him by those in authority, and who knew, by experience, the subtlety of foreign agents. He was under the impression that not even the ministers of state could interfere with such a private matter as the choice of the one who should share the throne with him, as queen. This error of judgment may have been due to the unparalleled popularity he enjoyed both within and without his empire; and if he had been told beforehand that almost overnight the whole realm over which he was monarch would turn, not against him, but his choice of Britain's future queen, he would never have believed it.

Furthermore as head of the army, it had not occurred to him that every officer of that army including the king (as an officer) comes under certain restrictions that permit no alteration. Therefore if through acts of indiscretion an officer of the army, whether in ignorance or not, makes an infraction of army rules and regulations, he has to be censured.

Banking on his popularity and his position as head of the army, our former King made his final decision to oppose the wishes of not only his statesmen but also those of his family. On November 18th, he retired from Windsor Castle to Fort Belvedere. During the days that immediately followed the whole nation was thrown into a state of confusion over the King's determination to marry and make queen, a divorcee. When he began to sense the unpopularity in the public mind of his choice of Britain's future queen, he even went to the extremity of asking the Prime Minister, Mr. Baldwin, to prepare legislation to make it possible for him to marry her privately. Baldwin was firm in his stand that, "The government would not countenance" making such legislation. At this point the king, realizing his desperate position in having to renounce, by the rising opposition of his subjects, the choice of his affection, threw all caution to the wind, and risked everything in his belief that the public would not stand in his way if he threatened to renounce the throne.

But what we have said so far is but one side of the picture. There is the other, far more basic, side of the whole issue in which the safety of the entire Commonwealth, even including the United States of America, was involved. Treachery of the most terrible nature surrounded the throne: to place on that throne a woman whose presence would not only destroy the ideals attached to it, and thereby bring it dishonour, but who would be the most dangerous person in the whole realm as the wife and queen of the very one whose signature must be attached to all documents of State.

It was upon these latter issues that Baldwin took such a very definite, unyielding stand against the determination of Edward to marry this person of all others. As this opposition to the will of the king strengthened throughout the Commonwealth, it became the fear of all the king's subjects that voluntary abdication was inevitable. So far as the public is concerned this is exactly what happened, which impression seemed to be confirmed by the king's own statement in his last broadcast on December 11th, "I am determined to renounce my throne". No king, with all that that title includes when applied to the throne of the British Empire, would ever bring himself under any circumstances to make a voluntary renunciation of that throne, unless he had already done something inadvisably that had involved the welfare of his subjects.

It may seem a paradox that while the king's choice of affection met the whole-hearted disapproval of his people, causing him to renounce his throne, yet it was at least on the surface, that this very determined choice of the king has actually saved the throne, and preserved, more than ever before, the solidarity of the British Commonwealth. What at first looked to be the most serious situation, menacing the very unity of our peoples at a time which is fraught with danger by the most delicate international situation conceivable, there was exposed for the first time a new attitude of the public mind. In relationship to the most sacred institution, in God's sight, that of marriage, not even the popularity of a monarch - of all, King Edward VIII - was permitted by the public mind to minimize the moral issue that was at stake.

The day may come when the British public, knowing more than than now, will thank God that the very fact of the questionable character and influence which centred itself upon the king, was the very agent that should arouse such a storm of protest against even the approach of such a person to the throne. Such protest became so strong that the person herself was forced to leave the country secretly and under protection; and within a few days we witnessed the most pathetic sight, that of the one whom she caused to renounce the throne, leaving the country, his own native land, to which, as he said in his broadcast, he might not return for many years! Again, no man under ordinary circumstances and free in his movements, would make such a statement, especially as a king to his own people, unless there were other reasons than voluntary abdication.

It is most interesting to note that specific periods of time mark off the exact occurrence of such events surrounding the recent crisis in which the safety of the British throne and empire were so deeply involved. If we turn to the Scriptures and the Great Pyramid, we find many references to such cycles of time as, three hundred and ninety, two hundred and eighty-six, and one hundred and fifty-three - days, months, or years.*

On March 1st, 1936, King Edward VIII made his first broadcast to his subjects after his accession in the previous January. In this broadcast, among many other things, Edward said he wanted to follow the example of his father, and to serve his people. On December 11th of the same year, he made his last broadcast (as king) in which he said that he was determined to renounce the occupancy of the throne which had fallen to his lot to honour and serve. From March 1st to December 10th is an exact period of 286 days. As we know from Pyramid symbolism this number, 286, means displacement.

Is it a coincidence, or not, that from the day, Dec. 10th - on which the official announcement was made of Edward's decision to abdicate - is a very definite day in relationship to the one set for the coronation, May 12th, 1937? Again, in Biblical and Pyramid, symbology relating to the development of the Kingdom of Heaven, we find the number 153, is used in connection with this process. If we project from December 10th, 1936, a period of 153 days, we arrive at the date set for the coronation of King George VI and Queen Elizabeth, May 12th, 1937!

Momentous and yet the most marvelous days, in respect to unparralled development, lies before Anglo-Saxondom! This development is already showing signs which are other than purely material! If we would, we shall witness the rising of a people upon whom the Hand of God is resting, to endow them with His Spirit, not for themselves but for His Name, Honour, and Glory.

* - This subject (illustrated) is dealt with in detail in "The Re-Birth of Civilization" by J. S. Eason. (Price: 30¢ postpaid.)

ARTICLE II

ANOTHER MIRACULOUS ESCAPE

A REMARKABLE DEMONSTRATION OF PROTECTION BY SUPERNATURAL POWER

At one time or another, each one of us has found himself in a predicament from which there seemed no possible way of escaping a calamity. Then, at the psychological moment, some kind friend stepped into the situation, intervened on our behalf, and caused the crisis to pass off as though it had never existed.

On such occasions, as the calamity is about to strike us, we cannot possibly determine the full gravity of the situation, in terms of the inevitable consequences that follow in the wake of all disaster. These consequences might be of severity as to threaten even the life of the person (or persons) involved.

Similarly, on a national scale, we see an approaching crisis which is of first magnitude; a crisis that seems overwhelming and accompanied by the direst distress. Then, at the moment it reaches us, by some inexplicable coincidence, it passes by, missing us by the narrowest of margins.

Only those in the highest councils of State KNOW what an hair-breadth escape we, Anglo-Saxondom, have so recently experienced (December, 1936). Nothing but a miracle explains why we are not, in January, 1937, in the throes, first of all, of the most devastating revolution within the Commonwealth, over the momentous constitutional question of King Edward's abdication but, also, not in the throes of the most devilish world war in which human life, wholesale, is being ripped to pieces. And here we are, going about as complacently as ever (since 1918), blissfully unconscious of all that which has been so deliberately planned for our nation to experience!

Suppose, for one moment, that these plans for the destruction of the Anglo-Saxon race had matured - despite all the difficulties that had to be surmounted to entrap us. Imagine the frightful state of affairs, at our very door, with homes sharply divided over the moral issue of the king's intended wife. Consider, too, the fact that in that state of internal confusion and disaster, how completely we then would have been exposed to attack by some foreign power! Who could picture how frightful would have been the experience, intended for us to be passing through, at this present time, as millions upon millions of tons of the world's stores of explosives, liquid fire, poison gas, etc., all were being let loose, primarily for the wiping out of OUR RACE?

Let it be understood with all the depth of meaning possible: BY THE POWERS OF DESTRUCTION, WHICH HAVE BEEN RIGHT AT OUR BACK DOOR, WE SHOULD BE, AT THIS MOMENT, UPON OUR KNEES, PLEADING WITH THEM FOR MERCY AND TERMS OF PEACE - AND AT THEIR PRICE!

It would amaze the reader if he knew the mind of Germany and Italy! He would no longer discount the reality of their fiendish designs; and he would stand, petrified, if he were told how very near to realization did those designs come! He would be most ready to admit that failure of their maturity was not due to our preparedness or ability to "muddle through", but to some mysterious miscalculation on the part of the perpetrators of these designs. They failed to take into consideration the

fact that the Anglo-Saxon people really believe, under the surface, the precepts of Christianity, though so delinquent in putting them into practice. Further, our race has ever turned to God for intervention at the time of a major crisis and in every instance has found deliverance! This turning to God has taken the form of simple supplication, nationally, as for instance, on June 16th, 1918. The answer to that Day of Prayer came back within twenty-four hours, as revealed by the reverse change of direction in the course the Great War was taking!

Today, we have experienced the same Divine Intervention - again due to the silent supplication of millions within and without the Commonwealth, who became stirred in their hearts, as by no other means, over the constitutional crisis surrounding the British Throne. They were torn by the fact that the Government's decision, to allow (as the public saw it) the King to renounce the Throne in favour of marrying whom he chose, was the one course that must be taken. The remarkable thing is, that at that time (between December 1st and the 11th) the public did not know - was not even suspicious - of the real cause of abdication. Basically, the subjects of the Realm could not tolerate, when the possibility dawned upon them, the idea of having, as their Queen, a divorcee - regardless of the fact that such was the desire and intention of Edward, their King. That being the case, Edward could not be permitted to endanger the Throne, and, if it had to be, he must renounce it at all costs. This was the unanimous sentiment of all shades of public opinion. HOW MANY OF THOSE SUBJECTS REALIZE, THAT IN THAT VERY DECISION, LIES THE POINT OF MISCALCULATION ON THE PART OF THOSE WHO HAD THROWN A NET-WORK AROUND THE PERSON OF THE KING, TO SPRING A CONSTITUTIONAL TRAP FOR THE WHOLE COMMONWEALTH TO FALL INTO, AND TO BECOME SHATTERED? AND THAT AT SUCH A PSYCHOLOGICAL MOMENT - PRE-OCCUPIED WITH OUR OWN STUPENDOUS CONSTITUTIONAL CRISIS - TO STRIKE AT US FROM ALL SIDES?

Never was there, at any previous time, a plot against the unity of the British peoples so cleverly laid, so secretly carried out, and so perfectly timed for maturity, and with every possible contingency taken to ensure absolute success, as this most daring and vicious attack. Such was but the perpetration of human wiliness of the vilest nature! Again, the genius of this plot centered itself in Rome, with the aid of the secret service of Germany.

It was upon one factor, solely, that the success of the whole scheme depended: the unlimited affection of the British peoples for their sovereign, permitting him to do whatsoever he willed. It was therefore, the disguised utilization of the King's will that was to be used to wreck the Commonwealth and thus leave, wide open, the road to world-dictatorship, which would, automatically fall back again into the hands of International Finance. THERE YOU HAVE THE SUM AND SUBSTANCE OF THE WHOLE STORY SURROUNDING THE CALAMITY OF KING EDWARD'S ABDICATION! And within the space of less than three months, a second defeat was handed to them - that is, to International Financiers. (See the series of articles recently published in The Periscope Magazine dealing with the collapse of the power of International Financiers, September, 1936, at which time the control of the Gold Standard System passed into the hands of Anglo-Saxondom.)

The British nation has never admitted to be what they are, actually, - a religious people; and so being, they refuse to relinquish their belief in a Supreme Being. Consequently, they still retain many (what are considered to be) old-fashioned ideals; as, for example, the

sanctity of the home-life and, therefore, the marriage-tie. It is upon such issues that other (foreign) nations completely misunderstand us, and, in consequence, make the most disastrous mistakes in plotting against us.

It has always been that just at the moment of "seizing us by the throat", as it were, their arm becomes paralyzed, and we escape with but minor injuries.

It was upon the miscalculation of the British national ideals of what constitutes the ethics of Christian morality, which so violently upset the whole complicated workings of the recent plot against the unity of the Commonwealth, in the attack, that so severely tested the people's fealty to their throne. Most unfortunately, our enemies introduced, as the "king-pin", a most beautiful and brilliant woman, calculated to ascend the British Throne upon the "say-so" of Britain's beloved monarch. It was unfortunate though, that they chose a person who had been married twice, and twice divorced; otherwise, no one could have estimated how marvellously successful Rome would have been; for the King's choice, so far as public opinion was able to determine, would have been accepted, though perhaps not with full approval. Did God have something to do with the fact that the King's choice should have been, of all persons, a divorcee, so that on this very issue, public opinion would be caused to revolt rather than allow the Throne to become so detrimentally affected? Herein lay the all-determining factor. ROME BLUNDERED AGAIN!

ARTICLE III

REPERCUSSIONS FOLLOWING THE ABDICATION

With the passing of nearly a year since the time of King Edward's abdication, the British Commonwealth has had an opportunity of regaining its poise and of calmly turning over in its mind the facts surrounding this great national shock.

Substantiated by additional knowledge about the whole situation, published in reputable periodicals during the past months, we can see somewhat more clearly how utterly despicable have been the efforts of International Financiers to use such retaliatory methods against our nation, because we have stripped Finance of its gold, and, therefore, of its dictatorship over the economic and financial destiny of the Anglo-Saxon people (including the United States of America).

In taking such retaliatory steps, they did not stop at an attempt, none the less vile because of partial failure, to bring discredit upon Britain's most popular monarch.

But when we further realize that this act of defamation was to precipitate a sharp division of public opinion throughout the British Commonwealth, over Edward's choice of whom should occupy the Throne with him as our Queen, then we begin to understand why so much mystery shrouds a matter that otherwise, under ordinary circumstances, is something purely personal.

They estimated that even if Edward agreed to cancel his engagement, or even if he threatened (as he did) to abdicate, either decision would have been sufficient to have seriously divided public opinion as to how far the affection of the people for Edward should be allowed to restrain expression of open disapproval.

But, that King Edward's final decision to abdicate should meet with the approval of almost 100 per cent of his subjects, throughout the entire Commonwealth, and that even more calmly, within less than 48 hours after the abdication was officially announced, that same Commonwealth of 160,000,000 subjects should welcome Edward's successor with equal affirmation, was an ending (to years of plotting to split the British Commonwealth) utterly beyond the calculations of International Financiers. Such an ending is still the more amazing in view of the fact that the public knew very little of the circumstances leading to the abdication.

From Rome, International Finance has been working ceaselessly for more than 5 years, to gain access to Britain's state secrets, for the avowed purpose of springing a constitutional crisis in which the Throne would become the centre of controversy. If such a crisis could be created, then the Commonwealth, caught in the confusion and distress of an internal constitutional issue, would be most vulnerable to a smashing blow to be delivered by the combined navies and air-forces of Italy, Germany and their allies. Broken, the Commonwealth could be sliced up as desired.

This ultimate purpose of Capitalism has been underway ever since 1931, at the time when Britain succeeded in wrenching herself free of the Gold Standard System (Sept. 20, 1931). Now, it was as far back as this time, that the world financiers realized Britain was gaining in her

desperate fight to relinquish herself, once and for all, from the dictates of those who operated the Gold Standard. Then it was that they concluded the only hope of forcing Britain and the U.S.A. back onto gold (and thereby bringing them once again under their power, financially), was to precipitate an internal situation within the Commonwealth which would lead to a disastrous revolution. Such a moment would be ripe for striking an unerring blow, as the Commonwealth found itself caught off guard when its attention and energies were being absorbed by its own internal distress.

To achieve such an objective, Rome (Finance) has been working assiduously for these past five years to get into royal circles, and there reach the confidence of the monarch himself. The plan of intrusion was so perfectly arranged and so daringly carried out, that, despite all the efforts of even the British authorities to uncover the guise of the foreign agents, who surrounded the person of the king, it was not until within nine months prior to the abdication that they made contact with, and succeeded in tracking down, the last person upon whom suspicion would rest - the King's choice of Britain's future queen!

For more than $3\frac{1}{2}$ years, certain state secrets have been divulged by these foreign agents who were, therefore, at work during the closing years of the reign of King George V, and whose activities were not only causing grave concern to state authorities, but undoubtedly had much to do with the premature death of our former beloved monarch. Not satisfied with having brought his life, his influence for good, and his own personal happiness to an untimely end, these same agents extended their vicious operations to involve the heir to the Throne; upon whose accession, as monarch of the greatest empire the world has ever known, all the wonderful promises wrapped up in his exceptionally lovable disposition have been deliberately ruined, possibly beyond retribution.

It is now seen that the British monarchy and the unity of the British people have been exposed to the vilest plot, in our entire history, to bring about its destruction; and as we stand, today, with that crisis behind us, we can but expect, now, to receive, without the slightest warning, the whole concentration of pent-up hatred to be let loose, as a final act of retaliation.

In the latter part of December, 1936, a warning was issued from Rome, that Italy and Germany would see to it that Britain would yet pay dearly for having brought about the abdication of King Edward VIII. This, if for no other reason than that, Rome now finds her scheme (to disrupt the British Commonwealth) unmasked, and the reaction produced upon the British public, the very opposite to that which they had anticipated. This was so much so, that in those crucial days of gravest danger (from Dec. 1st to 10th) when at any moment wide-spread support of the king, in his inability to renounce his matrimonial intentions, might have arisen, our enemies looked on in astonishment as they waited desperately for a revolutionary spirit to spread, like a forest-fire, through the entire Commonwealth.

In view of all that has happened since Edward's departure from his native land (Dec. 12th), our state authorities are now watching with greater caution, than ever before, the foreign situation. The whole political scene, now, reflects a picture of swift movement of troops, of navies, and of air-forces, to strategic points, for immediate occupancy, and the setting up of defences, in preparation for

a coming day of reckoning with Anglo-Saxondom. On the surface, the situation is looking more foreboding as each day passes, and the anxiety on the part of authorities is increasing as they realize that when that day comes, they must not only be prepared for it, but that it shall be they who will dictate when the first shot is to be fired. In other words, they must be master of the international political situation, if possible, before the coming world-war breaks out. For such political advantage will have far-reaching effects upon the ultimate outcome of the approaching world-shaking.

It would be unwise, at the present point of time, to publish information relating to Britain's preparedness, on an empire scale, to meet any contingency in the immediate future. It will go down in history that the re-armament of the British race during the year 1936 has been the greatest achievement and the most phenomenal event of the 20th century (to date). As recently as Nov. 12th, 1936, Baldwin told the House of Commons in making a confession, that he and his cabinet deliberately refrained from taking measures to re-arm the nation, even as late as Nov. 1935, despite the fact that he realized the awful risk into which he was taking his nation, and why. He stated, quite frankly, that public opinion was slow to comprehend and realize the frightful state of affairs, politically and economically, in Europe, and that any government, nationalist or otherwise, would have been forced to resign, prior to the elections of Nov. 1935, had they dared to propose any sweeping scheme of re-armament compatible with the re-armament of other nations. He plainly told the House that he waited until the Nationalist Government was returned to office before he was able to take the risk of public displeasure in any re-armament programme that he and the Cabinet saw fit to lay down, and put into effect.

This programme had already been drawn up as the re-elected National Government met, in the early days of Dec. 1935; and at once a vast re-armament programme was launched, for it will be recalled that, immediately, the House concerned itself with the foreign situation, rather than with home affairs, due to the financial crisis which Britain's pressure (in waging her battle against the gold standard) was bringing to bear upon the world's financial situation, and particularly upon Italy in the application of economic sanctions.

The whole of the moving scenes in the realm of international diplomacy, as played by Britain, supported so wonderfully by the U.S.A. government, during the last 18 months, has been above the plane of human ingenuity and accomplishment. If each one of us could be given the facts of the case, and we could see the appalling state of Europe and how that state involves the whole of Anglo-Saxondom so vitally, we would rise as one man and thank God that it has been He Who has been giving superhuman knowledge, restraint, protection, and guidance, to the leaders of our State life.

The single accomplishment of Stanley Baldwin, in having saved the throne and the unity of his people, in the recent crisis of the King's abdication, is but the latest of a long series of lesser (but none the less vital) achievements he has made; his remarkable success was largely due to the simple honesty, clear thinking, wisdom, and cautious action, in everything to which he has put his hand.

ARTICLE IV

FACING THE GRAVEST WORLD-CRISIS

WHICH CRISIS HAS BEEN INTENSIFIED BY
FAILURE TO DIVIDE ANGLO-SAXONDOM
OVER KING EDWARD'S ABDICATION

What we are particularly concerned with, in this article, is the violent reaction that has arisen following the abdication of King Edward the Eighth; which reaction is now rapidly developing into a terrific climax. This climax affects the circles of International Finance just as much as it does the state authorities of the Anglo-Saxon Peoples (which includes United States of America).

Some of our readers are of the opinion that the question of King Edward's abdication should now be dropped, it having been discussed, already, too intimately and, therefore, should be forgotten as quickly as possible. As a matter of fact, the reverse should be done; because it will be many years ere those in authority, especially Edward himself, shall have recovered from the shock of this great national tragedy.

Right at the present time, our state authorities are wrestling, with superhuman strength, to hold in check the awful pressure now being exerted to wreck the slim structure of international peace. The slightest mis-step would mean the collapse of every influence being used to hold at bay opposing forces of destruction. But the mounting spirit of fear that is taking possession of the masses of Europe, facing economic and financial bankruptcy, is even more threatening to the cause of peace than all the world's dictators put together. Those same dictators would do anything, now, to relinquish the responsibilities that they themselves, a few years ago, so bombastically assumed.

Intensifying this spirit of fear in Europe is the conscious contrast these nations observe between their own desperate plight and the comparative state of prosperity, unity of spirit, coolness in face of danger, and confidence in their state authorities, which possess the peoples of Anglo-Saxondom. The latter race, itself, is dimly aware that it owes its present happy state of internal unity and strength solely to its unshakable faith in a Christian democracy, even though in practice the application of Christian principles is frequently forgotten.

But such a democracy demands the rigid observance of the rights and privileges of the individual, as represented through its elected administrative authorities. According to Christian democracy, the responsibility of the state is to uphold, and to take precautions against any attack or infringement upon, such rights and privileges ... even if the monarch himself should overstep the bounds of his own limited powers! A British king has been known to abdicate for this very infringement upon the constitutional powers of the people!

On the continent of Europe, particularly, such personal liberties and the state protection of same, are almost unknown. These nations have been in a state of semi-serfdom for centuries. Hence, with the collapse, as a result of the Great War, of kings and crowns, the various dictators (which Finance has used to step into the seat of authority) have been able, with comparative ease, to herd

the masses into military camps and munition plants. Thus dictatorship has been introduced by International Finance to gain a tighter hold upon the peoples of Europe.

We now see somewhat more clearly the bitter hatred shown by dictatorship towards Anglo-Saxondom, the archenemy of International Financiers. We are the one nation, alone, blocking the way to the realization of world-dictatorship by the world's capitalists. So that the purpose of Europe's armies is to deal a final death-blow at our very existence; and, before that is over, it will prove a fight-to-a-finish.

The one hope of Anglo-Saxondom lies in a wide-open division among the military powers themselves; which hope begins to look feasible, since there already exists within the inner circles of Capitalism a state of confusion, and a sharp division of opinion in respect to what line of action should now be followed after having failed to throw, first, the Commonwealth into a state of revolution over the abdication of its king. Their highly-trained armies and piled-up munitions must be used somehow, and that quickly, before the spirit of insurrection runs amok throughout the entire structure of European dictatorship.

It was pointed out in our last article that by the year 1931 (September) Britain took herself off the Gold Standard, after having secured possession of sufficient gold reserves to become independent of the control of International Finance. Since that time, the latter power has come to realize the possibility of losing its world-power, financially and economically, if the example of Britain and the United States (in abandoning the Gold Standard) should be followed by other nations.

Before such a possibility should be given an opportunity to develop into a probability, Anglo-Saxondom must be brought back under the Gold Standard. To realize this, it would be possible, only, by an attack upon our peoples by an entirely different approach; namely, to break the spirit of unity, and to produce a wide-open breach within the Commonwealth and her Anglo-Saxon neighbours.

For such a purpose to be sure of success, the attack must be made upon the vital part of the whole structure of British constitution, which is the Throne. Knowing that the Commonwealth was held together by common allegiance to that Throne, and that alone, constitutionally, then such an attack, if successful, would automatically demolish the constitutional structure of the British Monarchy; and with its disruption, the collapse of the world's greatest empire. Immediately, the time would have arrived to make a combined onslaught, with Europe's military forces, upon the entire empire, caught, as it would be, in the throes of disintegration. Further defiance of Anglo-Saxondom to the dictates of International Financiers would be ended forever, and any fear of other nations escaping its control, likewise, would be dissipated at once.

As stated before, success of disrupting the British Commonwealth depended upon the occupant of the Throne being made the scapegoat. As long as possible, he must be kept in utter ignorance of the secret workings of those who were to be responsible for gaining the friendship and confidence of the King. For this particular work, Mrs. Simpson was chosen because of her brilliancy, both in her intellectual accomplishments and her extraordinarily strong personality; which, coupled with her physical attractiveness, she proved an ideal person to take the part of what is known as a "super-woman" (just as Cleopatra, Mary Queen

of Scots, etc.). Her business was to establish as close a relationship as possible between herself and the occupant of the Throne. And she was so clever as to nearly succeed ... had Edward had his way ... in becoming Queen!

The purpose of this relationship was to gain access to State secrets ... of most transcending importance but ... essential to Financial Dictatorship, for carrying out their plans to deal us a withering blow (when the psychological moment should arrive) to produce a division within Anglo-Saxondom.

To Edward and the uninformed public, the relationship between the King and Mrs. Simpson must be that of love, leading to matrimony, if possible. To Finance, it must be THE point of contact between the British Government and themselves. Their one great concern, naturally, for the complete success of their plot, was the constant exercise of utmost secrecy. Not the slightest inkling must be allowed to be given that would lead British authorities to locate the leakage of such information. Therefore, to cover Mrs. Simpson, a long chain of social contacts were set up through which the said information could be passed to reach authorities abroad without any possibility of pinning down the leakage to any one person or group of persons.

But this was not all that Mrs. Simpson accomplished. Her extraordinary personality influenced Edward, probably as no other person could, despite his known propensity to use his own will. With her charms and magnetic personality, she persuaded the King to use his position of authority, which could be carried beyond the wide expanse of his Empire, even; what could be more noble than that he should give the world a lead out of its present state of disruption and suffering? Would not the whole Commonwealth back HIM since they were losing hope in the leadership of their own political administration? Would not other countries, as the United States of America, rally at once to his call to end the present state of human distress everywhere? He could bring alleviation to other lands where his leadership would be readily substituted for that under which the masses were struggling.

He gradually became imbued with this conception of the part he could play in international political affairs ... where the League of Nations, the Four-Power Pact, the Locarno Pact, the Versailles Treaty, etc., all had failed! and then with the partial failure of Economic Sanctions against Italy to curb the activities of that nation in Africa and elsewhere. Something must be done to save the world from an approaching war of extermination. All these ideas were put into Edward's mind, and nurtured by the astute mind and magnetic personality of Mrs. Simpson. Even he yielded to the temptation such a vision held before him ... to become the saviour of mankind where all other forms (including dictatorship) of human leadership had failed.

Convinced of his responsibility, Edward embarked last summer (1936) upon his mission of international good-will to the Mediterranean Sea. He established contact with certain regal and state authorities, as with Jugo-Slavia and Turkey, and was instrumental in bringing about some kind of better understanding between them and Great Britain.

For the purpose of gaining the confidence of such countries as Germany and Italy, Edward showed sympathy towards the efforts of Hitler and Mussolini and the cause they sponsored ... Nazism and Fascism. These latter sympathies of Edward created serious alarm in responsible circles

of authority in Britain. As the London correspondent of The Financial Post (Toronto), Grant Dexter, wrote:-

"Edward also caused concern in higher circles by his known sympathies for Fascism and much anxiety has resulted from his personal liking for Hitler. Well-informed London believed that the appointment of the socially gifted Herr Joachim von Ribbentrop as Germany's ambassador to Great Britain was a strategic move by Herr Hitler to cash in on Edward's friendly feeling toward the Nazis."

Now, from the point of view of World Finance, in their plot against the integrity and the solidarity of Anglo-Saxondom, the success they had met with was in having inspired Edward to take a role that was far beyond his capabilities and limited monarchical power to carry out; they were also able to blind him to the full danger to which he exposed himself - that of dividing his own people over the one great central constitutional right for which the British peoples have always fought; that is: a king must respect the advice of his ministers of State, since these ministers represent at all times, the voice of the people. Edward was completely unaware that in his consciousness of the needs of humanity for leadership, that he must not endanger, at any cost, the personal liberties of his own people, should such leadership, on an international scale, require the sympathy and support of the principles of government that do not tolerate individual rights and privileges. So long as Edward continued to show sympathy towards the principles of Fascism and Nazism, in order to take the role of a super-Mussolini, then he was at once interfering with the handling, by his own state-ministers, of the most serious, the most complicated and the most delicate international situation as has ever been faced by the responsible government of the British people.

As has been stated by the Whaley-Eaton news service from Washington, which sent out a bulletin reporting that:-

"The foreign policy (even domestic policy) of the Baldwin Government has been seriously handicapped by the interference of the King (Edward VIII). He has held his own ideas as to the treatment of Germany and of the depressed Balkan areas. He was beginning to play politics on something of the scale undertaken by Edward VII who prepared the Anglo-French Alliance in advance of the world war, but without the ability of his grandfather.

"For months it has been the inside talk in London that the general world crisis could be faced with greater equanimity and more assurance of peace, were there a less self-assertive King-Emporer and greater warranty of less amateurish meddling with affairs of state.

"Very important Britishers, although hardly envisaging abdication, were wondering how the difficulty could be settled and in such a way as thoroughly to vindicate parliamentarianism and democratic institutions. The emergence of the Simpson matter seemed, to these groups, to be providential and they were quick to take advantage of it."

We may refer to the statement made in the English Sunday Referee, by Ellen Wilkinson, M.P.; the statement that was made prior to the abdication:-

"There had been growing uneasiness about political tendencies around her (Mrs. Simpson) - or perhaps it would be fairer to say, in groups that had been using her influence over King Edward for their own purposes ... "

"Eager to be behind Mrs. Simpson was a set which makes little secret of its enthusiasm for the political and social doctrines of a power not particularly friendly toward Britain. Prime Minister Baldwin recently described what he called a dangerous mentality in politics as being the enjoyment of power without responsibility.

"The responsible governing circle of this country, engaged in a terrific re-armament effort, had to consider the situation when such irresponsible elements were, in fact, in a position to know and use more than it might be in the interests of this country to be known.

"The tragedy of this drama is made all the more poignant because the chief actor in it of necessity was completely unaware of the danger. There is every reason to hope that the lady also did not realize the position."

To this statement of Miss Wilkinson, the London correspondent of the New York Times said, that she "voiced an increasing belief here that Edward's friends, rather than Edward himself, were to blame for the late crisis."

There can be no doubt about the fact that the abdication of Edward was absolutely necessary for the preservation of the principle of Constitutional Monarchy; and that in making that abdication, Edward has suffered beyond description. In exile, he has now realized how he had allowed himself to be caught off his guard by becoming obsessed with an utterly false dream of world-leadership; and, above all, the terrible danger (and the near-catastrophe) into which his nation had been brought by his lack of mature judgment.

As we stated in our last chapter, leakage of such secrets from some source of very high rank was known to the authorities more than four and one-half years ago, and that their great difficulty was in locating that source. Suspicion rested upon some of the highest and most respected people in the land and no one suspected that the king himself could be the innocent dupe of foreign agents.

The first ray of light came upon the arrival of Ribbentrop in London, March 1st, 1936, as the German ambassador to London. Ribbentrop is a man who has all the perfections of a polished exterior but who is, in reality, a snake in the grass. He had already done for his government similar work in Italy and Austria, and his success in those countries gained for him an appointment, by Finance, to the all-important position of ambassador to Britain. Here, his work was, through his social as well as political standing, to link up, by a most round-about way, with the social and political set which had surrounded the king. But the qualifications of Ribbentrop were so akin to those of Edward's closest associates, that the government's suspicions were immediately aroused by his arrival on British soil.

At once the authorities were busy on his trail; and it was with much reluctance that they found themselves compelled to test even Edward himself, innocent as he might be of the secret operations of plotters who presumed to be his friends. The authorities knew that they had no choice in applying such a test, as it was impossible for them to take adequate steps to protect, with any degree of efficiency, the nation from sudden attack should Europe plunge itself into another and final war. Every precaution, regardless of whom might be involved, had to be taken to guard against unforeseen danger. Therefore, certain would-be state

secrets were deliberately passed on to Edward; and when it was found that Ribbentrop eventually received this same information, immediately Baldwin was forced to accept the fact that the leakage had been located.

At once we may be inclined to judge Edward; but that is because we do not know how subtle was the manner in which the obsession to assist broken humanity first became implanted so fixedly in his mind. Since Edward thus fell foul of the espionage that surrounded him, and with his lack of experience in the field of international politics, he easily became the "goat" and thus, to his insufferable remorse, an unconscious source of danger to the British Empire of which he was head.

An instance of the way in which Edward's better judgment was overpowered by his "friends", is that of a recent review (Nov., 1936) of a regiment at Aldershot. As an officer of the army, he should have been accompanied by two subordinate officers. Instead of that, he insisted upon being accompanied, while he was conducting the review, by two civilian friends of his.

With Edward's abdication, the authorities in Britain have since become so incensed over such a dastardly attack, by foreign powers, upon the one person whom the British Commonwealth held in utmost respect, to whom they offered the deepest loyalty and devotion, that they will never be satisfied until the whole business, which led up to the king's abdication, has been probed down to its very roots, regardless of what the costs may be.

Strange as it may seem, the exposure of the whole situation was largely brought about through the American Hearst Press which lost no time or opportunity in exposing, prior to the abdication, the sensational highlights of the courtship between Edward and Mrs. Simpson. The press of the Commonwealth, in contrast, refrained from making mention of the king's personal affairs.

Now that the abdication of Edward has taken place, and, in a most miraculous way, a constitutional crisis and a revolution within Anglo-Saxondom have been averted, all the forces of pent-up hatred through the controlled press (within and without the Commonwealth) of Finance have been poured upon the heads of the British government, particularly that of Baldwin.

* * * *

Turning, finally, to the reaction, so rapidly taking definite form, today, in continental Europe, International Financiers find themselves in a desperate state of confusion, and are even divided, sharply, within their own ranks. In this state of division the planned attack for last December against Anglo-Saxondom has been indefinitely postponed. But the great fear International Financiers is facing is the inability of their dictators (Hitler and Mussolini) to hold in check the masses composing the armies, and the civilian population, of their respective countries. For these masses, particularly the civilians, are suffering increasingly from lack of the bare necessities of existence. The following quotations, taken from speeches of German leadership, reveal the sinister situation which grips that nation under dictatorship:

"What matters to us is not the scarcity of butter or eggs," declared Adolph Hitler at Nuremberg, "but the freedom of Germany!" "Our slogan has not changed," declared Rudolf Hess, the Leader's deputy, a month later. "Guns instead of butter."

What else has Herr Hess to say in his speech to his countrymen and particularly to the housewives of the Third Reich? "Don't complain too much because you haven't enough butter to put on your bread; think yourselves lucky to have, at least, bread, which is more than your Russian sisters can say." The minister, according to the official version of the speech, went even further. "German housewives," he said, "ought to be happy to be without butter, and not bread, as in Russia."

"A whimpering stomach is the best ally of a groaning spirit, and gastric discontent is the best purveyor of the army of 'cargers' and 'grumblers', so much hated by Dr. Goebbles. At the last Nuremberg Congress it was noticed that the spiritual did not come up to the level of the material atmosphere; artificial excitement visibly outran the genuine exaltation of the preceding years." (from World Review, Dec., 1936.)

With undeniable energy, deliberately gritting her teeth, Germany has obtained a place for herself among those countries who have made a moral force out of their material poverty.

We now have arrived, in International relationships, particularly in Europe, where a showdown and wide-open revolution may be expected in these countries. Here is the gravest danger that faces the future of Anglo-Saxondom: - To what degree are we prepared to defend ourselves should a complete collapse of dictatorship sweep throughout Europe, in its present state of utter extremity? What could be worse than millions of desperate people, armed to the teeth and ready to shoot down anything within sight, getting out of control?

This grave problem is a responsibility that rests upon, not only the shoulders of our statesmen, but upon every individual citizen who claims to have in his blood the inheritance of a Christian civilization and a deep respect for the rights and privileges of the individual. Not until he awakens, even if it requires a shock, to his sense of individual responsibility, will there be the slightest hope of a national escape from an extermination of our race by dictatorship - controlled, as it is, by International Financiers.

WHEN ARE WE READY to face, as individuals, such a responsibility?

International Espionage Behind Edward's Abdication

By OBSERVER

SEVENTH EDITION



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ARTICLE I

A NATIONAL STAND

SINCE November 18th, 1936, the British Commonwealth passed through a crisis that is not only extraordinary in nature, but unprecedented in severity.

Prior to this date there was scarcely anything to indicate its approach, still less its outcome. If anyone could have conjectured that less than a month later would see the British throne occupied by the third king in one year, we would have thought that such was incredulous. And now, we have witnessed the raising of a moral issue that affected the occupancy of the throne, a nation-wide disapproval of such occupancy, the abdication of the king whose popularity surpassed any of his predecessors, and the accession to the British throne of a man who has always remained in silent obscurity.

It is still more remarkable, when one considers that, the coupling of these events of December, 1936, with the then approaching coronation of George VI, immediately reveals the fact that all these climactical events are under the control of an Unseen Hand. It would thus appear that our former king, Edward VIII, was destined to relinquish his occupancy of the throne, and that the crown was to be laid upon the head of another member of the Royal Family*.

It would be most indiscreet at this time to publish certain information sur-

*—See "The Re-Birth of Civilization" by J. S. Eason, The Periscope Publishing Co.

rounding this major crisis of the King's abdication. Much must be left to be read between the lines of this booklet. It may, with safety, be said that the king's abdication was over an issue even more serious than that of choosing, as his wife, a person who would not only have become queen, but one who would have brought dishonour to the throne as well as to himself.

For some considerable time, possibly almost two years, there had gathered around our former monarch, a network of influences which were of a most subtle and deadly character. We have reason to believe that in the good-hearted nature of Edward, he accepted without question the friendship and companionship of certain individuals who possessed magnetic personalities. Their purpose was not primarily to bring about the marriage of an American society girl with the monarch of the world's greatest empire, but to make contact with sources of secret information (of the most vital nature) relating to the policy—external as well as internal—of that empire; such information thus accessible would prove invaluable to foreign nations who had secret designs for bringing about the destruction of the British Commonwealth.

It must be said at once that Edward, undoubtedly, was completely unaware of the net that was being thrown around him, owing to the brilliancy — which outshone all other factors — of the group's central figure, Mrs. Simpson. Her function was to cover the movements of her associates. It was not until very recent date, that the British monarch himself realized he was caught

in the coils of the most perfectly-laid plot ever designed against the British throne. ✕

Unfortunately, Edward apparently did not take any too seriously the warnings that must have been given to him by those in authority, and who knew, by experience, the subtlety of foreign agents. He was under the impression that not even the ministers of state could interfere with such a private matter as the choice of the one who should share the throne with him, as queen. This error of judgment may have been due to the unparalleled popularity he enjoyed both within and without his empire; and if he had been told beforehand that almost overnight the whole realm over which he was monarch would turn, *not against him*, but his choice of Britain's future queen, he would never have believed it.

Furthermore as head of the army, it had not occurred to him that every officer of that army including the king (as an officer) comes under certain restrictions that permit no alteration. Therefore if through acts of indiscretion an officer of the army, whether in ignorance or not, makes an infraction of army rules and regulations, he has to be censured.

Banking on his popularity and his position as head of the army, our former King made his final decision to oppose the wishes of not only his statesmen but also those of his family. On November 18th, he retired from Windsor Castle to Fort Belvedere. During the days that immediately followed the whole nation was thrown into a state of confusion over the King's determination to marry and make queen, a divorcee. When he

began to sense the unpopularity in the public mind of his choice of Britain's future queen, he even went to the extremity of asking the Prime Minister, Mr. Baldwin, to prepare legislation to make it possible for him to marry her privately. Baldwin was firm in his stand that, "The government would not countenance" making such legislation. At this point the king, realizing his desperate position in having to renounce, by the rising opposition of his subjects, the choice of his affection, threw all caution to the wind, and risked everything in his belief that the public would not stand in his way if he threatened to renounce the throne.

But what we have said so far is but one side of the picture. There is the other, far more basic, side of the whole issue in which the safety of the entire Commonwealth, even including the United States of America, was involved. Treachery of the most terrible nature surrounded the throne: to place on that throne a woman whose presence would not only destroy the ideals attached to it, and thereby bring it dishonour, but who would be the most dangerous person in the whole realm as the wife and queen of the very one whose signature must be attached to all documents of State.

It was upon these latter issues that Baldwin took such a very definite, unyielding stand against the determination of Edward to marry this person of all others. As this opposition to the will of the king strengthened throughout the Commonwealth, it became the fear of all the king's subjects that voluntary abdication was inevitable. So far as the

public is concerned this is exactly what happened, which impression seemed to be confirmed by the king's own statement in his last broadcast on December 11th, "I am determined to renounce my throne". No king, with all that that title includes when applied to the throne of the British Empire, would ever bring himself under any circumstances to make a voluntary renunciation of that throne, unless he had already done something inadvisably that had involved the welfare of his subjects.

It may seem a paradox that while the king's choice of affection met the whole-hearted disapproval of his people, causing him to renounce his throne, yet it was at least on the surface, that this very determined choice of the king has actually saved the throne, and preserved, more than ever before, the solidarity of the British Commonwealth. What at first looked to be the most serious situation, menacing the very unity of our peoples at a time which is fraught with danger by the most delicate international situation conceivable, there was exposed for the first time a new attitude of the public mind. In relationship to the most sacred institution, in God's sight, that of marriage, not even the popularity of a monarch — of all, King Edward VIII — was permitted by the public mind to minimize the moral issue that was at stake.

The day may come when the British public, knowing more than now, will thank God that the very fact of the questionable character and influence which centred itself upon the king, was the very agent that should arouse such a storm of protest against even the

approach of such a person to the throne. Such protest became so strong that the person herself was forced to leave the country secretly and under protection; and within a few days we witnessed the most pathetic sight, that of the one whom she caused to renounce the throne, leaving the country, his own native land, to which, as he said in his broadcast, he might not return for many years! Again, no man under ordinary circumstances and free in his movements, would make such a statement, especially as a king to his own people, unless there were other reasons than voluntary abdication.

It is most interesting to note that specific periods of time mark off the exact occurrence of such events surrounding the recent crisis in which the safety of the British throne and empire were so deeply involved. If we turn to the Scriptures and the Great Pyramid, we find many references to such cycles of time as, three hundred and ninety, two hundred and eighty-six, and one hundred and fifty-three—days, months, or years.*

On March 1st, 1936, King Edward VIII made his first broadcast to his subjects after his accession in the previous January. In this broadcast, among many other things, Edward said he wanted to follow the example of his father, and to serve his people. On December 11th of the same year, he made his last broadcast (as king) in which he said that he was determined to renounce the occupancy of the throne

*—This subject (illustrated) is dealt with in detail in "The Re-Birth of Civilization" by J. B. Eason. (Price: 30c postpaid.)

which had fallen to his lot to honour and serve. From March 1st to December 10th is an exact period of 286 days. As we know from Pyramid symbolism this number, 286, means displacement.

Is it a coincidence, or not, that from the day, Dec. 10th — on which the official announcement was made of Edward's decision to abdicate—is a very definite day in relationship to the one set for the coronation, May 12th, 1937? Again, in Biblical and Pyramid, symbology relating to the development of the Kingdom of Heaven, we find the number, 153, is used in connection with this process. If we project from December 10th, 1936, a period of 153 days, we arrive at the date set for the coronation of King George VI and Queen Elizabeth, May 12th, 1937!

Momentous and yet the most marvellous days, in respect to unparalleled development, lies before Anglo-Saxondom! This development is already showing signs which are other than purely material! If we would, we shall witness the rising of a people upon whom the Hand of God is resting, to endow them with His Spirit, not for themselves but for His Name, Honour, and Glory.



ARTICLE II

Another Miraculous Escape

A Remarkable Demonstration of Protection by Supernatural Power

AT one time or another, each one of us has found himself in a predicament from which there *seemed* no possible way of escaping a calamity. Then, at the psychological moment, some kind friend stepped into the situation, intervened on our behalf, and caused the crisis to pass off as though it had never existed.

On such occasions, as the calamity is about to strike us, we cannot possibly determine the full gravity of the situation, in terms of the inevitable consequences that follow in the wake of all disaster. These consequences might be of severity as to threaten even the life of the person (or persons) involved.

Similarly, on a national scale, we see an approaching crisis which is of first magnitude; a crisis that seems overwhelming and accompanied by the direst distress. Then, at the moment it reaches us, by some inexplicable coincidence, it passes by, missing us by the narrowest of margins.

Only those in the highest councils of State KNOW what an hair-breadth escape we, Anglo-Saxondom, have so recently experienced (December, 1936). Nothing but a miracle explains why we are not, in January, 1937, in the throes, first of all, of the most devastating revolution *within the Commonwealth*, over the momentous constitutional

question of King Edward's abdication but, also, not in the throes of the most devilish world war in which human life, wholesale, is being ripped to pieces. And here we are, going about as complacently as ever (since 1918), blissfully unconscious of all that which has been so deliberately planned for our nation to experience!

Suppose, for one moment, that these plans for the destruction of the Anglo-Saxon race had matured—despite all the difficulties that had to be surmounted to entrap us. Imagine the frightful state of affairs, at our very door, with *homes* sharply divided over the moral issue of the king's intended wife. Consider, too, the fact that in that state of internal confusion and disaster, how completely we then would have been exposed to attack by some foreign power! Who could picture how frightful would have been the experience, intended for us to be passing through, at this present time, as millions upon millions of tons of the world's stores of explosives, liquid fire, poison gas, etc., all were being let loose, primarily for the wiping out of OUR RACE?

Let it be understood with all the depth of meaning possible: BY THE POWERS OF DESTRUCTION, WHICH HAVE BEEN RIGHT AT OUR BACK DOOR, WE SHOULD BE, AT THIS MOMENT, UPON OUR KNEES, PLEADING WITH THEM FOR MERCY AND TERMS OF PEACE — AND AT THEIR PRICE!

It would amaze the reader if he knew the mind of Germany and Italy! He would no longer discount the reality of

their fiendish designs; and he would stand, petrified, if he were told how very near to realization did those designs come! He would be most ready to admit that failure of their maturity was not due to our preparedness or ability to "muddle through", but to some mysterious miscalculation on the part of the perpetrators of these designs. They failed to take into consideration the fact that the Anglo-Saxon people really believe, under the surface, the precepts of Christianity, though so delinquent in putting them into practice. Further, our race has ever turned to God for intervention at the time of a major crisis and *in every instance has found deliverance!* This turning to God has taken the form of simple supplication, nationally, as for instance, on June 16th, 1918. The answer to that Day of Prayer came back within twenty-four hours, as revealed by the reverse change of direction in the course the Great War was taking!

Today, we have experienced the same Divine Intervention—again due to the silent supplication of millions within and without the Commonwealth, who became stirred in their hearts, as by no other means, over the constitutional crisis surrounding the British Throne. They were torn by the fact that the Government's decision, to *allow* (as the public saw it) the King to renounce the Throne in favour of marrying whom he chose, was *the one course that must be taken*. The remarkable thing is, that at that time (between December 1st and the 11th) the public did not know — was not even suspicious — of the real cause of abdication. Basically, the

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subjects of the Realm could not tolerate, when the possibility dawned upon them, the idea of having, as their Queen, a divorcee—regardless of the fact that such was the desire and intention of Edward, their King. That being the case, Edward could not be permitted to endanger the Throne, and, if it had to be, he must renounce it at all costs. *This was the unanimous sentiment of all shades of public opinion.* HOW MANY OF THOSE SUBJECTS REALIZE, THAT IN THAT VERY DECISION, LIES THE POINT OF MISCALCULATION ON THE PART OF THOSE WHO HAD THROWN A NET-WORK AROUND THE PERSON OF THE KING, TO SPRING A CONSTITUTIONAL TRAP FOR THE WHOLE COMMONWEALTH TO FALL INTO, AND TO BECOME SHATTERED? AND THAT AT SUCH A PSYCHOLOGICAL MOMENT—PRE-OCCUPIED WITH OUR OWN STUPENDOUS CONSTITUTIONAL CRISIS—TO STRIKE AT US FROM ALL SIDES?

Never was there, at any previous time, a plot against the unity of the British peoples so cleverly laid, so secretly carried out, and so perfectly timed for maturity, and with every possible contingency taken to ensure absolute success, as this most daring and vicious attack. Such was but the perpetration of human wiliness of the vilest nature! Again, the genius of this plot centred itself in Rome, with the aid of the secret service of Germany.

It was upon one factor, solely, that the success of the whole scheme depended: the unlimited affection of the

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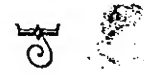
British peoples for their sovereign, *permitting him to do whatsoever he willed*. It was, therefore, the disguised utilization of the King's will that was to be used to wreck the Commonwealth and thus leave, wide open, the road to world-dictatorship, which would, automatically fall back again into the hands of International Finance. **THERE, YOU HAVE THE SUM AND SUBSTANCE OF THE WHOLE STORY SURROUNDING THE CALAMITY OF KING EDWARD'S ABDICATION!** And within the space of less than three months, a second defeat was handed to them — that is, to International Financiers. (See the series of articles recently published in *The Periscope Magazine* dealing with the collapse of the power of International Financiers, September, 1936, at which time the control of the Gold Standard System passed into the hands of Anglo-Saxondom.)

The British nation has never admitted to be what they are, actually,— a religious people; and so being, they refuse to relinquish their belief in a Supreme Being. Consequently, they still retain many (what are considered to be) old-fashioned ideals; as, for example, the sanctity of the home-life and, therefore, the marriage-tie. It is upon such issues that other (foreign) nations completely misunderstand us, and, in consequence, make the most disastrous mistakes in plotting against us.

It has always been that just at the moment of "seizing us by the throat", as it were, their arm becomes paralyzed, and we escape with but minor injuries.

It was upon the miscalculation of the

British national ideals of what constitutes the ethics of Christian morality, which so violently upset the whole complicated workings of the recent plot against the unity of the Commonwealth, in the attack, that so severely tested the people's fealty to their throne. Most unfortunately, our enemies introduced, as the "king-pin", a most beautiful and brilliant woman, *calculated* to ascend the British Throne upon the "say-so" of Britain's beloved monarch. It was unfortunate though, that they chose a person who had been married twice, and twice divorced; otherwise, no one could have estimated how marvellously successful Rome would have been; for the King's choice, so far as public opinion was able to determine, would have been accepted, though perhaps not with full approval. Did God have something to do with the fact that the King's choice should have been, of all persons, a divorcee, so that *on this very issue*, *public opinion* would be caused to revolt rather than allow the Throne to become so detrimentally affected? Herein lay the all-determining factor. **ROME BLUNDERED AGAIN!**



ARTICLE III

Repercussions Following the Abdication

WITH the passing of nearly a year since the time of King Edward's abdication, the British Commonwealth has had an opportunity of regaining its poise and of calmly turning over in its mind the facts surrounding this great national shock.

Substantiated by additional knowledge about the whole situation, published in reputable periodicals during the past months, we can see somewhat more clearly how utterly despicable have been the efforts of International Financiers to use such retaliatory methods against our nation, because we have stripped Finance of its gold, and, therefore, of its dictatorship over the economic and financial destiny of the Anglo-Saxon people (including the United States of America).

In taking such retaliatory steps, they did not stop at an attempt, none the less vile because of partial failure, to bring discredit upon Britain's most popular monarch.

But when we further realize that this act of defamation was to *precipitate a sharp division of public opinion* throughout the British Commonwealth, over Edward's choice of whom should occupy the Throne with him as our Queen, then we begin to understand why so much mystery shrouds a matter that otherwise, under ordinary circumstances, is something purely personal.

They estimated that even if Edward agreed to cancel his engagement, or even

if he threatened (as he did) to abdicate, either decision would have been sufficient to have seriously divided public opinion as to how far the affection of the people for Edward should be allowed to restrain expression of open disapproval.

But, that King Edward's final decision to abdicate should meet with the approval of almost 100 per cent. of his subjects, throughout the entire Commonwealth, and that even more calmly, within less than 48 hours after the abdication was officially announced, that same Commonwealth of 160,000,000 subjects should welcome Edward's successor with equal affirmation, was an ending (to years of plotting to split the British Commonwealth) utterly beyond the calculations of International Financiers. Such an ending is still the more amazing in view of the fact that the public knew very little of the circumstances leading to the abdication.

From Rome, International Finance has been working ceaselessly for more than 5 years, to gain access to Britain's state secrets, for the avowed purpose of springing a constitutional crisis in which the Throne would become the centre of controversy. If such a crisis could be created, then the Commonwealth, caught in the confusion and distress of an internal constitutional issue, would be most vulnerable to a smashing blow to be delivered by the combined navies and air-forces of Italy, Germany and their allies. Broken, the Commonwealth could be sliced up as desired.

This ultimate purpose of Capitalism has been underway ever since 1931, at the time when Britain succeeded in wrenching herself free of the Gold